

PROCEEDINGS OF SPIE

Acquisition, Tracking, Pointing, and Laser Systems Technologies XXII

Steven L. Chodos
William E. Thompson
Editors

18, 20 March 2008
Orlando, Florida, USA

Sponsored and Published by
SPIE

Volume 6971

Proceedings of SPIE, 0277-786X, v. 6971

SPIE is an international society advancing an interdisciplinary approach to the science and application of light.

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Please use the following format to cite material from this book:

Author(s), "Title of Paper," in *Acquisition, Tracking, Pointing, and Laser Systems Technologies XXII*, edited by Steven L. Chodos, William E. Thompson, Proceedings of SPIE Vol. 6971 (SPIE, Bellingham, WA, 2008) Article CID Number.

ISSN 0277-786X
ISBN 9780819471628

Published by

SPIE

P.O. Box 10, Bellingham, Washington 98227-0010 USA
Telephone +1 360 676 3290 (Pacific Time) · Fax +1 360 647 1445
SPIE.org

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Printed in the United States of America.

Publication of record for individual papers is online in the SPIE Digital Library.


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Paper Numbering: Proceedings of SPIE follow an e-First publication model, with papers published first online and then in print and on CD-ROM. Papers are published as they are submitted and meet publication criteria. A unique, consistent, permanent citation identifier (CID) number is assigned to each article at the time of the first publication. Utilization of CIDs allows articles to be fully citable as soon they are published online, and connects the same identifier to all online, print, and electronic versions of the publication. SPIE uses a six-digit CID article numbering system in which:

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Introduction

The SPIE Acquisition, Tracking, and Pointing and Laser System Technologies conference continues a 22-year tradition of providing a well-documented annual assessment of on-going, practical acquisition, tracking, and pointing technology. The conference has focused on both theory and practice and has spanned all aspects of design, analysis, simulation, development, and testing. As a result, the last twenty-plus years of proceedings from this conference provide a comprehensive history of the major technical developments within this field. This year also represents the third year of an expansion in the conference's scope, as the result of merging with the SPIE Laser Systems Technologies conference in 2006. This increased scope now includes other optics and beam control technologies, such as adaptive optics and line-of-sight stabilization, which are needed for many implementations of laser-based acquisition, tracking, and pointing systems in the field.

Locating, identifying, locking onto, and maintaining track on dynamic targets is absolutely essential for precision photonic and optical systems to be able to achieve their performance goals. Indeed, if the line-of-sight orientation of an optical sensor can not be maintained toward its target, or in some applications, if a laser can not provide continuous illumination of its target, then the whole purpose of the entire optical system is lost. As technical improvements are realized for optical sensors and laser sources, similar progress for acquisition, tracking, and optical control are necessary to fully exploit these technical advances in fieldable optical systems. Such progress requires advancements in active and passive imaging sensors, optics, gimbal-pedestal and mirror mechanisms, control systems, sensor stabilization, real-time imaging, signal processing, target tracking, and sensor fusion, as well as other related sensor and control tasks. Additionally, a frequent theme in the development of optical systems is the requirement to operate in an environment and/or on a platform that significantly stresses the state of the art for optical control, because of platform dynamics, difficult propagation conditions between the optical system and the intended target, complex target and target scene phenomenology, and constraints on the optical system's weight, volume, power consumption, platform interfaces, etc. Successfully meeting these requirements takes creativity and innovation, leading to new hardware designs, control architectures, processing algorithms, and other advances in the state of the art that can often be used to advantage in other optical system designs and applications.

The specific advancements included in the 2008 conference reported in these Proceedings include: target acquisition, recognition, and tracking algorithms, neural network processing for target tracking, control systems for adaptive optics and deformable mirrors, gimbal/pointing mechanism designs, electronic beam

steering, propagation phenomenology, and new techniques for the simulation of optical tracking systems performance.

The two decade long-running success of this SPIE Conference is clearly dependent on many authors and their sponsoring organizations who freely share their work with others. We extend a sincere appreciation to each of these contributors, as well as our fellow conference organizers who actively encourage their colleagues and professional associates to be a part of this event. We also recognize and appreciate the excellent SPIE staff that makes organizing these conferences such a pleasant experience.

Watch for the call for papers for the 2009 conference, Acquisition, Tracking, Pointing, and Laser Systems Technologies XXIII. We expect to continue the present scope of the conference with only minor changes.

Steven L. Chodos
William E. Thompson